UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

----X Docket#

: 18-CR-00633 (ERK-6)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

- versus -

: U.S. Courthouse : Brooklyn, New York

ZHUKOV, ET AL.,

: December 3, 2021

Defendants : 2:47 p.m.

TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR SENTENCING BEFORE THE HONORABLE ERIC R. KOMITEE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

A P P E A R A N C E S:

For the Government: Breon S. Peace, Esq.

United States Attorney

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Proceedings recorded by electronic sound-recording, transcript produced by transcription service

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2
                            Proceedings
1
              THE COURT: Please be seated, everyone.
 2
              THE CLERK: He doesn't need the interpreter?
 3
   Is that what you said? She'll be on standby.
 4
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
 5
              THE CLERK: Criminal Cause for Sentencing, The
 6
   United States of America v. Sergey Ovsyannikov, Docket
   Number 18-CR-633.
7
 8
              Would you all please state your appearances for
   the record starting with the government?
 9
10
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes. Good afternoon, your Honor.
11
   For the government, AUSA Alexander Mindlin. Beside me
12
   are my colleagues, AUSA Artie McConnell and Saritha
13
   Komatireddy, and our case agent Detective Mark Rubens.
14
              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
15
              MR. MINDLIN: As well as probation -- pardon
   me, ma'am. Go ahead.
16
17
              MS. LOPEZ: Good afternoon, your Honor. Alyssa
18
   Lopez, United States Probation Department.
19
              THE COURT: Good afternoon. Welcome.
20
              MR. GRASSO: Good afternoon, your Honor.
21
   George C. Grasso of counsel for Bukh Law Firm, 1123
22
   Avenue Z, Brooklyn, New York.
23
              THE COURT: Good afternoon. And good afternoon
24
   to the defendant. Would you pronounce your name for me?
25
              THE DEFENDANT: Sergey Ovsyannikov. Good
```

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3
                            Proceedings
1
   afternoon.
 2
              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
 3
              THE CLERK: I just want to -- and we're joined
   by Russian interpreter Isabelle Avrutin. Would you
 4
 5
   please stand and raise your right hand?
 6
                        (Interpreter sworn)
 7
              THE CLERK: Would you state your name for the
   record, please?
 8
 9
              THE INTERPRETER: Isabelle Avrutin.
              THE CLERK: Thank you.
10
11
              THE COURT: Okay. So good afternoon, everyone.
12
   We are here, as you all know, for sentencing in this case
           Is the interpreter on standby or are we
13
14
   simultaneously interpreting?
15
              THE INTERPRETER: I was told that I should be
16
   on standby.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So I'll advise
18
   the defendant if there's anything that anyone says that
19
   you don't understand fully, feel free to raise your hand
20
   and let us know and we will make sure to repeat anything
21
   you may have missed. Obviously, the person -- you and I
22
   are the two people here who most need to understand
23
   what's being said by everybody today and I'll be happy to
24
   stop anybody who I don't understand fully and you should
25
   feel free to speak up if there's anything you don't
```

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4
                            Proceedings
   understand as well. Do you understand?
1
 2
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay. You speak English at some
   level?
 4
 5
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay. Would you like the entirety
7
   of today's proceeding to be translated?
              THE DEFENDANT: I think not. I can understand
 8
   clearly what you are saying.
 9
10
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. Any combination
11
   you want is fine with me. So as I say, feel free to
12
   speak up when appropriate.
13
              The sentencing today is on three counts of
14
   conviction, to having to do with wire fraud and wire
15
   fraud conspiracy, and one to do with aggravated identity
16
   theft. And before we begin, I will explain my process
17
   for this proceeding today.
18
              First of all, I'm going to remove the mask that
19
   I'm wearing. I'm behind this Plexiglas divider here and
20
   fully vaccinated. And to the extent I'm speaking for
21
   extended periods of time, it will help me and the clarity
22
   of the recording that we are making to be without the
23
   mask. We are making an electronic sound recording of
24
   today's proceedings and so it will be important that
25
   anybody who's speaking find themselves fairly close to
```

Proceedings

the microphone in front of them.

So my process for today, first of all, I'll say a word about the counts of conviction. Second, I'll list the submissions that I've received and considered in connection with sentencing. And the purpose of doing that is to assure myself that I received everything the parties believe I should have received and that you all have received everything that anyone else believes you should have received such that we are all working off the same information.

Next, we will discuss the pre-sentence report prepared by the probation department. I understand there have been a couple of rounds of objections thereto.

There was an amendment issued recently. We will proceed accordingly.

Next, under federal sentencing law, I must determine what the guidelines range is under the sentencing guidelines system. The United States

Sentencing Guidelines, as you now know from the plea hearing, are advisory which means I am not bound to follow them, but I still must determine what the guidelines range is and I must consider the guidelines as well as any departures therefrom that might apply.

After that, I will give the attorneys an opportunity to address the Court and to make arguments.

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6
                            Proceedings
1
   And then the defendant shall have the right, if he
 2
   chooses, but not the obligation to make a statement to
 3
   the Court before I impose sentence.
              Once all of that has happened, I will most
 4
 5
   likely step out for a five or ten minute break just to
 6
   collect my thoughts on everything I have just heard. And
 7
   when I return, I will review the sentencing factors under
   the United States Code in order to tell you what factors
 8
   I think go into determining the appropriate sentence. By
 9
10
   statute those include your personal history, the offense
11
   conduct, and many other factors that we will discuss.
12
   And following that discussion, I will impose sentence.
13
              Do you understand the process?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
15
              THE COURT: Do you have any questions at this
16
   point?
17
              THE DEFENDANT:
                             No, sir.
18
              THE COURT: Does the government wish to have
19
   any victims present in the courtroom?
20
              MR. MINDLIN: No, your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: All victim notifications that you
22
   believe are required have been made?
23
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes.
24
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So turning to
25
   the defendant's plea of guilty, he pleaded guilty before
```

```
7
                            Proceedings
1
   Magistrate Judge Gold on September 24, 2019 to three
   counts of a 13 count indictment.
 2
              Count 1 charged conspiracy to commit wire fraud
 3
   in violation of 18 U.S. Code Sections 1343 and 1349
 4
 5
   between September 2014 and December 2016.
 6
              And count 5, alleged conspiracy to commit wire
 7
   fraud in violation of the same statutes but for a
 8
   different time period. This time between December 2015
   and October 2018. And the government should correct me
10
   if I get any of this wrong in any way. Or anybody should
11
   correct me I should say.
12
              And also, the plea of guilty to count 7 of the
13
   indictment which alleged aggravated identity theft in
14
   violation of 18 U.S. Code Section 1028A(a)(1) in that
   case between December 2015 and October 2018. Are we all
15
16
   on the same page there?
17
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor.
18
                  GRASSO: Yes, your Honor.
19
              THE COURT: Okay. And I've received and
20
   reviewed the transcript of the defendant's plea before
21
   Magistrate Judge Gold. Starting with defense counsel, is
22
   there any reason I should not accept the plea in this
23
   case?
24
              MR. GRASSO: No, your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: From the government?
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Proceedings

MR. MINDLIN: No, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. Based on the information contained in the transcript, including the allocution and also in the pre-sentence report that I received, I now accept the guilty plea. The record demonstrates that the plea entered before Judge Gold was entered knowingly and voluntarily and that there exists a factual basis for it. Accordingly, I adjudicate the defendant guilty of those three offenses.

Let me turn now to just listing the documents that I have received in connection with today's proceeding.

First, the pre-sentence report dated September 17, 2021. I think all dates will be 2021. The probation department's sentencing recommendation dated that same day. The sentence recommendation is a statement from the probation department as to what they believe the appropriate sentence in this case would be. It is not binding on me. But the probation department sees every defendant sentenced in this district and they have a lot of important context, more than any individual judge does. And because I consider the probation department's recommendation to be relevant to my thinking, I typically discuss it on the record and inform the parties if they're not already aware of what the recommendation is.

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9
                            Proceedings
 1
              I also have the defendant's sentencing
   memorandum dated November 22nd and four exhibits filed
 2
 3
   therewith.
              Exhibit 1 was a series of letters in support
 4
 5
   including from the defendant's parents, wife, a teacher,
 6
    former colleagues, and an inmate at the MDC.
 7
              Exhibit 2 thereto was a letter from the
    defendant's wife.
 8
 9
              Exhibit 3 is a table produced by the United
10
    States Sentencing Commission showing the extent of
11
    certain departures listed by type of crime.
12
              And Exhibit 4 is a letter from the defendant
13
   himself.
14
              We have objections to the PSR from the defense
   dated November 22nd. And I think those are the
15
16
    objections that the defense has now moved to withdraw.
    Is that correct?
17
18
              MR. GRASSO: That is correct, your Honor. We
19
   have discussed it with the government and I think that
20
   everything is resolved.
21
              THE COURT: Okay. So I have that document.
22
   I've reviewed it, but I also grant at this point the
23
   motion to withdraw it.
24
              MR. GRASSO: Thank you, Judge.
25
              THE COURT: I have the government's sentencing
```

10 Proceedings 1 submission dated November 23rd, and I have an amended 2 version of the pre-sentence report that the probation department filed yesterday, December 2nd, that to a 3 4 degree took into account the defendant's objections that 5 we just discussed. 6 Again, beginning with the defense, is there anything else I should have that I did not list there? 7 8 MR. GRASSO: No, your Honor, I believe that 9 covers it. 10 MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor, the defendant filled 11 out a financial affidavit today. 12 THE COURT: Yes. 13 MR. GRASSO: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Yes, I should add that. I just 15 received within the last hour or so a financial 16 affidavit. The actual title of the document is United 17 States Department of Justice Financial Statement, and it's on a DOJ form where the form itself is dated 18 19 December of 2016. And it's 35 pages long. And the copy 20 I have is signed by the defendant and dated today's date by the signature box. And I assume we will be discussing 21 22 the financial affidavit at one or more points today. 23 Let me ask defense counsel have you and your 24 client had an opportunity to read and discuss the presentence report in its entirety? 25

```
11
                            Proceedings
1
              MR. GRASSO: Just earlier today, your Honor.
 2
              THE COURT: I'm not talking about the addendum
 3
   now, I'm talking about the PSR itself.
 4
              MR. GRASSO: The PSR, yes.
 5
              THE COURT: You discussed it today for the
 6
   first time?
 7
              MR. GRASSO: No, no. Personally, yes. My
 8
   office has discussed it with him at length.
 9
              THE COURT: When you say your office, is that
   Mr. Fukh?
10
              MR. GRASSO: Mr. Bukh. Correct.
11
12
              THE COURT: Bukh. Okay. Let me ask the
13
   defendant, do you wish for any additional time to discuss
14
   the PSR, pre-sentence report, or any addendum to that
15
    document with your counsel who's present here today?
16
              THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. I already
17
   discussed several times.
              THE COURT: With Mr. Bukh?
18
19
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
20
              THE COURT: Okay. So putting aside, and this
21
   is a question for defense counsel again, putting aside
22
   the guidelines calculations which we'll take up in a few
23
   moments, do you have any remaining objections to the pre-
24
   sentence report putting aside the guidelines calculation?
25
              MR. GRASSO: No, your Honor.
```

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12
                            Proceedings
1
              THE COURT: Okay. Is either party seeking an
 2
   evidentiary hearing on any issue today beginning with the
 3
   defense?
              MR. GRASSO: No, your Honor.
 4
 5
              MR. MINDLIN: No, your Honor.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So turning next
 7
   to the advisory guidelines calculation, let me begin just
 8
   by confirming that both parties agree it's the 2018
   version of the guidelines that applies. Is that correct?
 9
10
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, Judge.
11
              MR. GRASSO: Yes, Judge.
12
              THE COURT: Okay. So there is a dispute of
13
    sorts I suppose about the application of the leadership
14
   role enhancement. It appears at Note 1 in the
   government's sentencing memorandum. I take it we're --
15
16
   hold on just one second. So the PSR contains a three
17
   level enhancement adjustment I should say for role in the
18
   offense. The government articulates the view that the
19
   defendant really was a leader and therefore the four
20
   level enhancement is appropriate. Is that correct?
21
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, that's the government's
22
   view, your Honor.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. I think that's right based
24
   on the facts. I think the facts laid out in the PSR
25
   itself and in the indictment really leave no question
```

13 Proceedings 1 that that's the correct view. The defendant was a 2 substantial owner of the business, not the 100 percent 3 owner but entitled I think to 50 percent of the profits, 4 exercised supervisory authority over people below him in 5 the scheme, recruited people to participate in the 6 scheme. Does the defense dispute the role enhancement 7 for leadership role? 8 MR. GRASSO: I think that the main dispute from the defense is the dichotomy, and this somewhat lies in 9 10 semantics I suppose, but the dichotomy in my client's 11 role of leadership in these organizations as opposed to 12 the co-defendant, Mr. Zhukov, and that Mr. Zhukov 13 actually masterminded the operation. If it was to be 14 looked at from the point of view legal causation, I would 15 say that but for Mr. Zhukov's masterminding of the 16 situation, then we may not be sitting here today. 17 THE COURT: Okay. But --18 MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor --19 THE COURT: -- it's not -- yes. Please. 20 MR. MINDLIN: If I could briefly address the 21 matter, your Honor? 22 Mr. Ovsyannikov and Mr. Zhukov of course led 23 separate schemes. Mr. Ovsyannikov provided some 24 technical assistance to Mr. Zhukov in his scheme which is 25 why he's charged with respect to those schemes.

## 14 Proceedings 1 With respect to Mr. Ovsyannikov's scheme, the 2 government agrees with the Court that he was a leader in 3 that scheme. And of course, it's a one point difference in the offense level, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Yes. We are talking about a fairly minor difference in the offense level and not one, I 10 11 don't believe, that will affect where I ultimately come 12 out here but I still want to get the guidelines 13 calculation right. And so let me just ask defense 14 counsel, you're not disputing that your client owned a half share of Adzos? 15 16 MR. GRASSO: No. 17 THE COURT: If I'm pronouncing that correctly. 18 MR. GRASSO: No, your Honor. I'm not disputing 19 my client's interest in these organizations or his share 20 of interest. 21 THE COURT: You're not disputing furthermore 22 that he recruited accomplices including Mr. Timchenko, is 23 that correct? 24 MR. GRASSO: That's correct. 25 THE COURT: You don't dispute that he exercised

15 Proceedings 1 overall responsibility for all technical aspects of the scheme at Adzos? Is that correct? 2 MR. GRASSO: That is correct, your Honor. I 3 don't want to get into semantics, you know. 4 5 THE COURT: I mean tell me -- my ears did perk 6 up a little bit when you said that your client would not 7 be sitting here today but for Mr. Zhukov's conduct. Is that really true absent Mr. Zhukov your client would 8 still be living a law abiding life today with --9 MR. GRASSO: I believe that he was drawn into 10 11 the scheme by Mr. Zhukov. They had a prior existing 12 relationship. My client's not a hacker in the 13 traditional sense. He is a very intelligent man but he 14 is --15 THE COURT: Those things are not mutually 16 exclusive obviously. 17 MR. GRASSO: Of course not. But he's not a 18 hacker. He I think by his own admission would readily 19 state that Mr. Zhukov's technical knowledge in terms of 20 cybercrime and hacking goes far beyond my own client's. 21 And that's all. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Given the undisputed facts 23 that the defendant here, Mr. Ovsyannikov, owned a half 24 share of this Adzos entity and the profit entitlement 25 that carried with it, given his role in recruiting others

16 Proceedings 1 including Mr. Timchenko and given his broad 2 responsibility to oversee the technical aspects of Adzos' 3 participation here, I do believe that the leadership role 4 enhancement is appropriate. And so when I calculate the 5 quidelines I will include the four level enhancement. As 6 I say, I believe -- I could be surprised by information 7 still to come but at this point I believe that the 8 sentence I impose will be unaffected by the leadership role enhancement whether it's three points or four 9 10 points. 11 MR. GRASSO: Yes, your Honor. And I don't mean 12 to make a mountain of a molehill by any stretch of the 13 imagination. I just thought that it would be worth 14 pointing out. 15 THE COURT: Thank you. Okay. I think that's 16 the only open question we had with respect to the 17 guidelines. Is that correct from defense counsel's 18 perspective? 19 MR. GRASSO: Yes, it is, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: And from the government? 21 MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Okay. All right. So therefore, 23 with that one change, namely the imposition of the four 24 level enhancement for role, instead the three level, I 25 adopt the pre-sentence report in its entirety. Correct?

17 Proceedings 1 I'm looking at the defense counsel now. 2 MR. GRASSO: No objection, your Honor. MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Okay. So therefore, the offense 4 5 level calculation that applies is as follows. We group 6 counts 1 and 5 for purposes of determining the base offense level. And under Section 2X1.1(a), the base 7 8 offense level we are working from is 7. 9 We add 22 levels to that base to reflect the loss amount of \$35,800,000 which on the loss table is 10 11 greater than 25 million but less than 65 million. That's 12 a 22 level enhancement pursuant to Section 2B1.1(b)(1)(L) 13 as llama. 14 Because the offense involved ten or more 15 victims, we add another two levels. 16 And because a substantial part of the scheme was committed from outside the United States, we add 17 18 another two levels. 19 We add the four level adjustment for role that 20 I mentioned and that leaves us with an adjusted offense 21 level on the wire fraud counts of 37. 22 We then turn to the adjustment for multiple 23 counts. Count 7 is excluded from the grouping analysis 24 under Section 3D1.1(b)(2). And thus we start with the 25 greater of the adjusted offense levels. That's that of

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18
                            Proceedings
1
   group 1 or 37 as I just said with no increase in this
 2
   case under Section 3D1.4. So after taking Count 7 into
 3
   account, we are still left with an adjusted offense level
   of 37.
 4
 5
              Does defense counsel agree with that?
 6
              MR. GRASSO: By my simple algebra, your Honor,
7
   yes.
 8
              THE COURT: Okay. The government agrees the
 9
   offense level we're working off here is 37?
10
              MR. MINDLIN: That's prior to the reduction for
11
   acceptance of responsibility?
12
              THE COURT: Prior to the --
13
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes.
14
              THE COURT: Yes. Minus three levels for
15
    acceptance. That leaves us with a total offense level of
16
    34. We learn from the PSR, and I think nobody's
17
   disputing, that the defendant is in criminal history
18
   category I. And based on a total offense level of 34, a
19
   criminal history category of I, the guidelines
20
   imprisonment range on the sentencing table is 151 months
21
   at the low end to 188 months at the high end of the
22
   range. Does defense counsel agree with that?
23
              MR. GRASSO: Yes, your Honor.
24
              THE COURT: And the government?
25
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, Judge.
```

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19
                            Proceedings
1
              THE COURT: Okay. In terms of supervised
   release, Counts 1 and 5 are Class C felonies and the
 2
 3
   quidelines therefore imply a term of supervised release
 4
   of one year to three years. Count 7 is a Class E felony
 5
   which means the guidelines provide for a one-year term of
 6
   supervised release. The guidelines fine range is $35,000
   at the low end and $350,000 at the high end under Section
 7
   5E1.2(c)(3).
 8
 9
              Does the government agree with everything I've
   just said?
10
11
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, Judge.
12
              THE COURT: And the defense?
13
              MR. GRASSO: Yes, Judge.
14
              THE COURT: Okay. And the parties have the
15
   probation department's sentencing recommendation,
16
   correct?
17
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor.
18
              MR. GRASSO: Yes, your Honor. I'm actually not
19
   sure if I have a copy physically in front of me at this
20
   moment but I have it and I have reviewed it.
21
              THE COURT: I'll just say for the defendant's
22
   benefit and for the completeness of the record that the
23
   probation department here has recommended a sentence of
24
   68 months, six eight, on Counts 1 and 5 to run
25
   concurrently to one another which means the same 68
```

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20
                            Proceedings
1
   months for both of those counts. Plus 24 months custody
 2
   on Count 7 which they urge should run consecutively which
   means be stacked on top of the 68 month sentence for
 3
   Counts 1 and 5 which would yield a total term of
 4
   incarceration of 92 months. Let me turn to the probation
 5
 6
   department now. That is the correct --
 7
              MS. LOPEZ: That's correct.
 8
              THE COURT: -- summary of the probation
   department's recommendation?
 9
10
              MS. LOPEZ: Yes, your Honor.
11
              THE COURT: Okay. And they recommend two years
12
   of supervised release on Counts 1 and 5, one year on
13
   Count 7, all to run concurrently. Restitution in the
14
   amount of $33,800,000 to be paid to Google due
15
   immediately and payable at a rate of $25 while in custody
16
   and a rate of 10 percent of gross monthly income
17
   thereafter while on supervised release. Probation
18
   recommends no fine in light of the size of that
19
   restitution order, that contemplated restitution order.
20
              Does the defendant have any questions about
21
   anything I've just said either for me or for your
22
   attorney?
              THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
23
24
              THE COURT: Okay. Defense counsel, any
25
   questions or corrections to anything I've just said?
```

```
21
                            Proceedings
1
              MR. GRASSO: Just to make sure that I heard you
 2
   correctly, your Honor, you said that the total
 3
   recommended was 92 months, correct?
              THE COURT: Yes. Probation says that the
 4
 5
   defendant should be sentenced to 68 months in custody in
 6
   each of Counts 1 and 5, but that those should run
 7
   concurrently with one another, so that's a grand total of
 8
    68 months, plus a consecutive term of 24 months on Count
   7. And by my arithmetic, 68 plus 24 is 92.
 9
10
              MR. GRASSO: Thank you, your Honor.
11
              THE COURT: Okay. In terms of the statutory
12
   provisions we're dealing with here, each of Counts 1 and
13
   5 carry a statutory maximum term of 20 years imprisonment
14
   and a maximum supervised release term of three years.
15
   There is no mandatory minimum on the wire fraud
16
   conspiracy counts. On Count 7, there is a statutory
17
   mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of two years
18
   pursuant to 18 U.S. Code Section 1028A(a)(1). And the
19
   term of imprisonment on Count 7 I am told must run
20
   consecutively to any other counts under Section
   1028A(a)(1).
21
22
              Does the government agree with that
23
   characterization?
24
              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: That any time imposed on Count 7
```

22 Proceedings 1 must be consecutive? 2 MR. MINDLIN: 6 THE COURT: Okay. But does that mean you can 7 ignore it for purposes of consecutive versus concurrent 8 or ignore it just in terms of what period of incarceration gets ordered? Do you see what I'm saying? 9 10 MR. MINDLIN: You know what? No, your Honor. 11 What I'm saying, and I suspect this is not going to 12 answer your question, is that the Court can give a total 13 sentence that does not have to account for any applicable 14 mandatory minimum under 1028A. 15 THE COURT: Okay. And then just in terms of 16 the mechanics of how we get there, I can either impose no 17 time on Count 7 or impose time on Count 7 but ignore the 18 requirement that that time run consecutively to Counts 1 19 and 5. I mean I may be able to solve this problem 20 myself, but I just want to understand the lay of the land 21 here. MR. GRASSO: I would also have to check the 22 23 statute myself, your Honor, but my understanding is also 24 that the Court does have the discretion to break away 25 from the consecutive requirement that your Honor is

23 Proceedings 1 referring to. 2 MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor, we think the time must be consecutive. It can be zero, but that zero must 3 4 run consecutively. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Let me just read the statute myself. 6 7 (Pause in proceedings) 8 THE COURT: Yes, it's sort of odd. So 1028A, if you look at Section B thereunder it says, 9 10 "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as 11 provided in paragraph 4, no term of imprisonment imposed 12 on a person under this section shall run concurrently 13 with any other term of imprisonment imposed on a person 14 under any other provision of law including any term of 15 imprisonment imposed for the felony during which the 16 means of identification was transferred, possessed, or used." 17 18 But then you look at paragraph 4 because of 19 except as provided in paragraph 4, and the statute says, 20 "A term of imprisonment imposed on a person for a 21 violation of this section may, in the discretion of the 22 Court, run concurrently in whole or in part only with 23 another term of imprisonment that is imposed by the Court 24 at the same time on that person for an additional 25 violation of this section." I see.

```
24
                            Proceedings
 1
              MS. KOMATIREDDY: In other words, your Honor,
 2
   two violations --
              THE COURT: Got it. Yes.
 3
              MS. KOMATIREDDY: -- of 1028A do not need to be
 4
 5
    consecutive.
 6
              MR. MINDLIN: We're not in that territory.
 7
              MS. KOMATIREDDY: Right.
 8
              THE COURT: Right. But we're not in this
    section with the wire fraud counts, we're in a different
 9
10
    section. Okay.
11
15
              MR. MINDLIN: 18 USC 3553(e) provides that on
16
   motion to the government, the Court shall have the
17
    authority to impose a sentence below a level established
18
    by statute as a minimum sentence.
19
              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Okay. So thank you all for bearing
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    with me. For all three counts, the maximum fine by
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    statute is $250,000 unless the alternative fine's
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   provision overrides that. What is this, the maximum fine
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    on each count?
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25 Proceedings 1 MR. MINDLIN: The maximum fine for each of the wire fraud counts is the greater of 250,000 or twice the 2 3 gross gain or gross loss. THE COURT: Remind me of the alternative fines 4 5 provision. What's the citation for that? 6 MR. MINDLIN: That's 18 USC 3571. 7 THE COURT: 3571. Thank you. Okay. All right. So then I think we've established now both how 8 9 the United States Sentencing Guidelines operate with respect to the counts of conviction and also what are the 10 11 statutory maximums and minimums for incarceration, for 12 supervised release, for a fine, and the like. 13 Are there any questions that the defendant has 14 at this point about anything we've said today? 15 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Okay. All right. As I mentioned earlier, I have reviewed the parties' written sentencing 17 18 submissions in detail, but let me turn to defense counsel 19 now with an opportunity to be heard at sentencing. MR. GRASSO: Thank you, your Honor. I'm sorry, 20 21 I'm just filling in some of my notes. 22 THE COURT: Take your time. 23 MR. GRASSO: Thank you. 24 MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor, before we begin, can we have a five-minute recess? 25

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              THE COURT: Yes.
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              MR. MINDLIN: Thank you, Judge.
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              THE COURT: We will reconvene a little bit
   after 3:30.
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                          (Off the record)
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              THE CLERK: We are back on the record.
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              MR. GRASSO: So your Honor, may it please the
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   Court --
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              THE COURT: I'm sorry, was there something that
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   the government wanted to take up?
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              MR. MINDLIN: No, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So we're back on
   the record and the floor is with defense counsel for a
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   further statement in respect of sentencing.
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              MR. GRASSO: Thank you, Judge. And may it
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   please the Court.
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              Your Honor, as I had mentioned earlier, my
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   client is a very intelligent man. He's also very
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   talented. He has always cared for his family and the
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   people that he knows, the people that are closest to him
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   in his life. He is a proud husband, he's a father of a
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   four-year-old daughter who goes by the name of Tasia
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    (phonetic). She desperately needs his financial,
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   emotional support and guidance just as any four-year-old
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   daughter would. She's been deprived of that throughout
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    this time obviously.
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              However, my client has accepted full
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   responsibility for his crimes. He has admitted that what
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   he did was wrong and he takes full accountability for the
 5
    charged conduct. He never resisted extradition.
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   extradition, I think that it's very important to focus on
   the inherent inference that the chance of recidivism is
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   slim to none and could not possibly be lower. It was
   clear that he knew from the very start that what he did
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 5
   was wrong and he immediately regretted his actions, and
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   he's made that very clear.
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              Additionally, as discussed in great detail in
   his sentencing memorandum, Mr. Ovsyannikov received a
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   credit toward his sentence with a 1.5 multiplier for his
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   pre-extradition time that was spent in a Malaysia prison
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   where the conditions of confinement were unduly harsh and
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   inhuman. Similarly --
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              THE COURT: Sorry, say that again? What is the
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   1.5 multiplier?
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              MR. GRASSO: For his pre-extradition time spent
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   in the Malaysia prison.
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              THE COURT: Right.
              MR. GRASSO: Where the conditions of
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19
   confinement were unduly harsh and inhuman.
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              THE COURT: Just remind me where that 1.5,
21
   where does this 1.5 multiplier come from.
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              MR. GRASSO: It's in the sentencing memorandum,
   your Honor. It's proposed by our office --
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24
              THE COURT: Oh, okay.
              MR. GRASSO: -- that it should be applied and
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30 Proceedings 1 considered by your Honor in imposing sentence today. 2 THE COURT: Got it. MR. GRASSO: In terms of the harshness of the 3 4 prison that he was at in Malaysia, I mean we're talking 5 no running water, days without food. It's --6 THE COURT: I'm fully on board with the notion 7 that the conditions in the Malaysian prison were 8 grotesque. I'm just asking where the 1.5 number comes from. Is that just something you --9 10 MR. GRASSO: It's a request by defense to be 11 considered by your Honor in today's sentencing. 12 Mr. Ovsyannikov we believe is entitled to 13 receive an extra credit for his incarceration at MDC 14 Brooklyn during the most restrictive conditions of 15 confinement, this is analogous, due to the pandemic of 16 novel COVID-19. Recently, as discussed in the sentencing 17 memo as well, the media has provided even new information about the horrible conditions of confinement at the 18 19 Metropolitan Detention Center in Brooklyn. The reports 20 indicate that inmates at MDC in Brooklyn face 21 deteriorating living conditions such as no access to 22 water, spotty electricity, and the absence of hot food. 23 It's important to note that this Court provided the co-24 defendant a two-year reduction in his sentence for

similar hardship conditions of confinement at MDC.

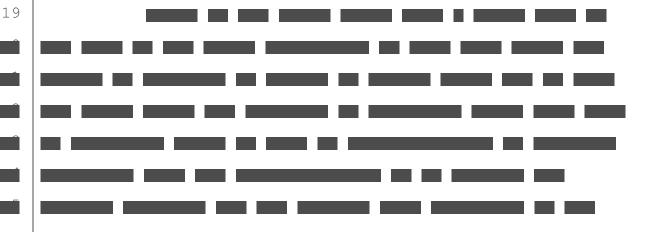
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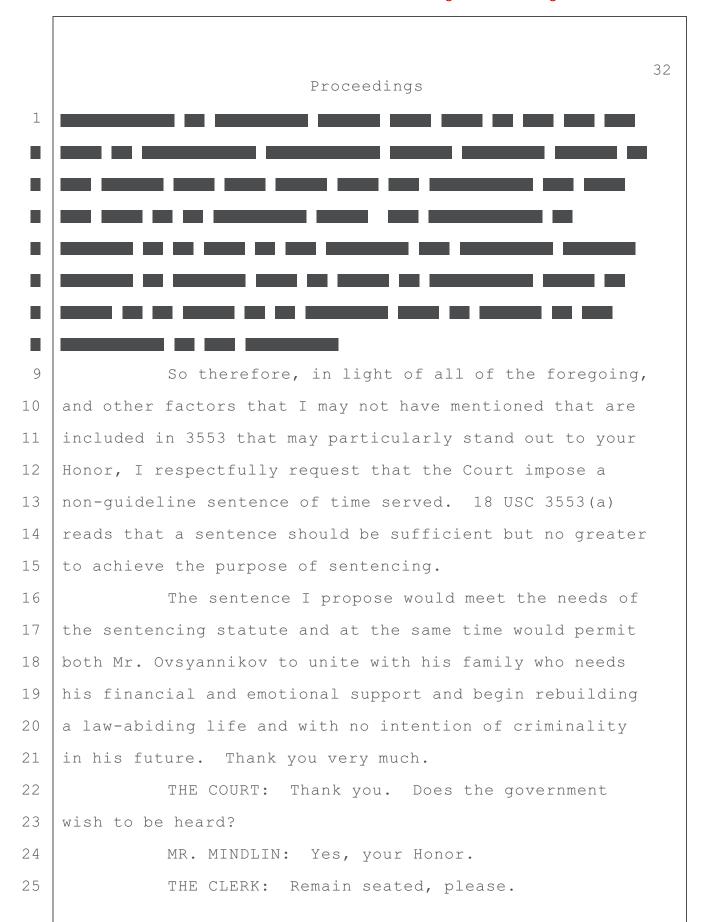
Proceedings

believe that Mr. Ovsyannikov should receive at least a similar reduction.

Last but not least, certainly not least, purely based on his immigration status, Mr. Ovsyannikov is not eligible for any Bureau of Prison programs commonly afforded to other inmates who are United States citizens and thus he has to serve more time in a federal prison than most other citizens between transport and different government agencies being involved. There is inherently a longer period of time that is imposed on him regardless of your Honor's sentence. Therefore, the Court should consider this disparity as a relevant sentencing factor further reducing his sentence under the 3553 factors.

Considering the extent of Mr. Ovsyannikov's remorse, his personal characteristics, his family circumstances, his conditions of confinement, and the other sentencing factors considered, discussed in detail, we do have a very respectfully requested sentence.





## 38 Proceedings 1 6 THE COURT: Thank you. Okay. So I 7 foreshadowed at the beginning that I might take a break 8 either before we hear from the defendant or immediately after just to collect my thoughts on everything. I'm 9 10 feeling a little bit less inclined to need that time 11 given everything that I've heard. But why don't I turn 12 at this point to Mr. Ovsyannikov. Would you like to be 13 heard today? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. I'd like to 15 furnish you my thoughts regarding my sentencing. So 16 forgive me for reading this. I didn't want to forget 17 anything. 18 As you know, I have been detained for three 19 years now away from my family, paying the price for the 20 terrible mistake that I made. I'm deeply ashamed of the 21 fact that my four-year-old daughter all this time walked 22 without father by her side. It's difficult for me to 23 realize that the most important years of raising a child 24 still is best years of being a parent, they are spent

away from my family. As a result, I did not have the

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opportunity to connect and maintain a healthy relationship between father and daughter.

During my imprisonment, I had the opportunity to connect with my family only once two years ago. When I was arrested in Kuala Lumpur, I realize that I had made a terrible mistake. While I was waiting for the police to arrive to the airport to arrest me, I was with my wife and daughter who was a year and six months old at the time. It was very painful to realize the fact that I might not see them for a long time.

There is no excuse for the crime

There is no excuse for the crimes that I have committed. It's clear to me I made a mistake. I admit it. And I'm very ashamed in front of all the people who suffered financial losses due to my criminal activity. I thought a lot about what prompted me to commit the crime. The reasons that I concluded is my own stupidity, naivete, and hurt instinct. I was blind and I shouldn't have been involved in those dealings that led to my arrest and ruined my life. I have understood how my mistakes were made and I have a firm desire to never repeat them again.

Looking forward my (indiscernible) is a solid

## Proceedings

man down the right path in the future. I'm on the right path in rebuilding my life and I am confident that I will continue on the path and will be successful in that endeavor.

I feel intent to return to my family, become law abiding citizen, get my life back on track from which it went off, and never again give myself the slightest excuse to end up in jail again.

I know, your Honor, you will do what you believe is right and I'm fully prepared to accept whatever decision you make. I got myself into this predicament and I should take responsibility for my conduct. The only thing I want to promise you is that I will never again appear as a criminal defendant in any courtroom since I fully learned my lessons. Thank you.

THE COURT:

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I have of course also considered all of the relevant factors set out by the United States Congress at 18 U.S. Code Section 3553(a), the statute that directs federal judges to consider certain factors in connection with sentencing. I have considered the advisory guidelines range in this case and I've considered the other factors under Section 3553(a) and otherwise including the need for a sentence to reflect the seriousness of the crime in this case, the need to promote respect for the law, to provide just punishment for the offense, and also, and this is always an important one from my perspective, to deter potential criminal conduct by both the defendant sitting before me at the time of sentencing and also anybody else out in the world who might be inclined to engage in conduct of this kind in the future.

I've also of course considered the specific nature and circumstances of the offense conduct here and also Mr. Ovsyannikov's personal history and characteristics.

As always, there are both aggravating and mitigating factors here. When I say aggravating, I mean the factors that tend to support a higher sentence, and

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when I say mitigating I mean the factors that tend to support a lower sentence. The judge's task at sentencing of course is to balance both of those.

Let me talk about the aggravating factors first and then go on to discuss the very important mitigating factors thereafter.

So the offense conduct in this case is serious and of course that weighs on the aggravating side of the scale here. In some ways the offense conduct is perhaps even more serious than that of Mr. Zhukov, the financial losses were greater. And perhaps even more importantly, the part of the scheme over which this defendant presided involved the actual compromise of third-party computers that were through viruses or malware or otherwise coopted to participate in the advertising fraud scheme. Computers are of course for better or worse a very significant part of people's connection to the world these days and when someone's computer is compromised or degraded or otherwise by a virus, by malware, or by whatever, that has real world consequences for real human beings.

Further on the aggravating end of the spectrum here, it is clear that Mr. Ovsyannikov played a significant leadership role as we discussed. This was a sophisticated scheme. I think the government could have

43 Proceedings 1 sought the inclusion of an enhancement for sophisticated means here. I don't think that I listed that in my 2 guidelines calculation. Is that correct? 3 MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor, I think it was 4 5 applied. 6 THE COURT: I'm sorry? 7 MR. MINDLIN: I'm looking at the guidelines calculation, your Honor. Your Honor, the enhancement 8 that you applied for a scheme committed from outside the 10 United States is the same enhancement as the otherwise 11 sophisticated scheme. So you effectively did apply that 12 enhancement. 13 THE COURT: So jog my memory then. Didn't both 14 enhancements apply in Mr. Zhukov's case? It's not particularly relevant here but I'm trying to do the gap 15 16 analysis in my head a little bit to understand why Mr. 17 Zhukov's quidelines were so much higher. I'm going to 18 give the government a minute to talk about that amongst 19 themselves. 20 I'll just continue for my part to say 21 regardless of how it applies, regardless of how it 22 affects the sentencing guidelines, this was a 23 sophisticated scheme and obviously highly sophisticated 24 criminal behavior is more dangerous in many ways than 25 unsophisticated criminal behavior.

44 Proceedings 1 Finally, on the aggravating end of the spectrum is the fact that, you know, so much of this scheme was 2 3 committed from outside the United States, and we've 4 talked at length in Mr. Zhukov's sentencing proceeding 5 and don't need really to rehash here in its entirety the 6 difficulties that the government has with respect to investigating criminal behavior abroad, obtaining process 7 like arrest warrants for defendants who are located 8 abroad and bringing that kind of criminal activity to 9 10 justice in the United States. Mr. Mindlin? 11 MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor, I can address the gap in the guidelines if you'd like --12 13 THE COURT: Yes, please. 14 MR. MINDLIN: -- that you referred to. 15 first, the enhancement that you referred to, there is a 16 single enhancement under 2B1.1(b)(10)(B) which covers offenses that are either committed from outside the 17 18 United States substantially or involved sophisticated 19 means. So the enhancement that your Honor applied for an 20 offense outside the United States is the sophisticated means enhancement. 21 22 THE COURT: Yes. For some reason I thought 23 that both enhancements applied in Mr. Zhukov's case. I 24 could be wrong.

MR. MINDLIN: Well there were significant other

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45 Proceedings 1 reasons that Mr. Zhukov's quidelines were higher, your Honor. One is of course that he did not receive the 2 3 three points off for acceptance of responsibility. 4 THE COURT: Right. 5 MR. MINDLIN: He also received two more 6 points --7 THE COURT: Obstruction. 8 MR. MINDLIN: -- because the conduct involves money laundering and, yes, two points because of his 9 10 perjured testimony. 11 THE COURT: Okay. That is very helpful, so 12 thank you. 13 Let me turn to the mitigating side of the 14 scale. Primary on that side of the scale is Mr. 15 Ovsyannikov's acceptance of responsibility. I can't 16 overstate the importance, especially in a case like this 17 where so much of the conduct occurred abroad beyond the 18 easy investigative reach of United States law enforcement 19 of the decision that this defendant made to accept 20 responsibility -----23 And I'm certainly persuaded by comments that 24 both sides have made about the personal costs that that 25 acceptance of responsibility and everything that flowed

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from it imposed on Mr. Ovsyannikov. I do not at all diminish the costs of having to be in quarantine for long periods of time because you are coming in and out of the facility at the MDC. I've had a number of defendants in other cases over the past year and a half express extreme dissatisfaction let's say with having to come to court for a status conference let's say because of the very serious consequences that flow from that in terms of needing to be quarantined on return to the MDC. And I've said it before in other contexts and will say it again here, you know, it's not the fault of the Bureau of Prisons that they found themselves dealing with the pandemic that they did over the last year and a half, but everybody would agree that The Bureau of Prisons should be striving at all times to house inmates in better circumstances, more humane circumstances than the pandemic and the effort to mitigate it dictated over the last year plus. I won't go on and on about the quality of the

defendant's acceptance of responsibility



Mr. Ovsyannikov has strong family ties as

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evidenced by the letters that I received from so many people. He has, I think this is important, a history of

gainful employment. That was something I was going to

4 discuss

. That's an important

6 distinguishing factor I think between this case and Mr.

Zhukov's case where as the government noted, we were

dealing with an individual who had essentially been in

the business of committing advertising fraud as a career

10 | rather than somebody who made a brief error in an

11 otherwise law-abiding life.

We have a first-time offender here in Mr.

13 Ovsyannikov. And in addition to the very harsh

14 conditions at the MDC that you experienced during the

15 worst part of the COVID epidemic, we also have the fact

16 of your incarceration in Malaysia for what I understand

17 is just over four months in even worse conditions, and I

18 think that that in any assessment of the aggravating and

19 mitigating factors here is something that has to weigh in

20 your favor.

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21 Finally, as was the case with Mr. Zhukov as

22 | well, we're dealing with harm that is relatively

23 dispersed among lots and lots of victims. I'm not saying

24 that that in any way excuses the decision to basically

25 steal money from others, but this case is distinguishable

Proceedings

from some fraud cases that we see here in that you didn't have individuals whose lives were destroyed by the loss of their life savings or other particularly egregious aggravating factors like that.

So just summing up on where we are, you know, describing the landscape before I impose sentence myself, the United States Sentencing Guidelines range as we said is 151 months at the low end. The defense has requested a sentence of time served which I believe is approximately 33 months at the MDC. The probation department has requested 68 months custody on counts 1 and 5 as I mentioned to run consecutively to 24 months custody on count 7 for a total of 92 months.

My view is netting down all these factors together that a sentence of 36 months of incarceration in total is the right amount of time in prison to satisfy the sentencing factors in the goals of sentencing as set out in Section 3553(a). That may well be a sentence of time served. I'm not precisely sure how the math works out there.

In terms of mechanics, I will impose a sentence of 24 months each on count 1 and count 5 to run concurrently to one another. And then on count 7, pursuant to the downward departure that I have indicated I am granting here, a 12-month sentence which by statute

49 Proceedings 1 we have established must run consecutively. So 24 months on count 1, 24 months on count 5, counts 1 and 5 to run 2 concurrently with one another, and 12 months on count 7 3 to run consecutive to the sentences on counts 1 and 5. 4 5 And if I'm thinking through this correctly, that will 6 mean a grand total of 36 months in prison. Do I have 7 that right? 8 MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor, that's how I take it. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Does the defense have any 10 11 questions or comments on that? 12 MR. GRASSO: I concur with that, your Honor. 13 believe that leaves about three months from time served. 14 THE COURT: Well, any sentence greater than one 15 year, so as long as you're serving a year and a day or 16 more in the United States system, you become eligible for 17 a 15 percent reduction if I understand this correctly, 18 and 36 months times 85 percent, he may be below the 33 19 months that he's already served. 20 MR. GRASSO: Yes, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: The reason I say I don't know if 22 this is time served or not is because the good time 23 served calculation of what part of that 15 percent 24 discount is appropriate is not mine to make. That's the 25 Bureau of Prisons and they will endeavor to make it

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1 hopefully very quickly.

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MR. GRASSO: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: I will impose a supervised release term of two years but I want to state explicitly that I do not believe the defendant needs to be kept in the United States for supervised release if he's otherwise going to be removed or deported. Nothing about the term of supervised release that I'm imposing should affect that removal or deportation. But to the extent he's in the United States for whatever reason, I do make it a condition of supervised release that he comply with the restitution payment schedule in a restitution order to be issued. And as always, I invite the government to pipe up with any questions or comments they have now or later. The defendant, to the extent he's here, should provide the U.S. Probation Department, or continue to provide the U.S. Probation Department with full disclosure of his financial records as he did today in the financial affidavit that he submitted.

And finally, based on the information in the PSR, I think the defendant should be excused from any mandatory drug testing provisions under 18 U.S. Code Section 3583(d). However, if he's here and subject to supervised release, he may be requested to submit to drug testing from time to time.

51 Proceedings 1 I have already entered the final forfeiture order in this case, correct? 2 MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor, you did. It's 3 Docket Number 151. You entered an order of forfeiture in 4 5 the amount of \$14,626,206.50. 6 THE COURT: Okay. Do I have a copy of a 7 restitution order? That, I have not seen. 8 MR. MINDLIN: No, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: So I'll just order on the record that the defendant is to pay \$33,800,000 in restitution 10 11 to Google, which may mean Alphabet. 12 MR. MINDLIN: Now Alphabet. 13 THE COURT: And to do so at a rate of \$25 per 14 quarter for any period that he remains in custody of the 15 Bureau of Prisons, and at a rate of 10 percent of his 16 monthly gross income thereafter. Based on that 17 restitution order, I do not impose a fine because the 18 restitution order will comprise his ability to pay a 19 fine. 20 A mandatory special assessment of \$300 is 21 required and I order that now. Taking all of this 22 together I find that this sentence is sufficient but not 23 greater than necessary to comply with the purposes of 24 sentencing. 25 Is there anything else the government wanted to

52 Proceedings 1 add about any aspect of the sentence I've just imposed? 2 MR. MINDLIN: Just a couple of housekeeping 3 items, your Honor. THE COURT: Please. 4 5 MR. MINDLIN: We'd ask if your Honor doesn't 6 consider himself already to have done so that you orally 7 pronounce the order of forfeiture. 8 THE COURT: Orally pronounce the order of forfeiture. So yes, the forfeiture order that I entered 9 10 on the docket on October 21, 2020 --11 MR. MINDLIN: My colleagues in asset forfeiture 12 tell me that we ought to ask you to orally state that 13 that that is a forfeiture amount as issued, as indicated 14 in that order. 15 THE COURT: The forfeiture amounts indicated in 16 that order, yes. I think that's just because the law is 17 clear that the sentence is that which I impose on the 18 record here today, not which emerges in any paperwork 19 executed away from here. And so yes, let me just say on 20 the record here that the forfeiture order I entered on 21 October 21, 2020, I order that now and make that a part 22 of the sentence in this case. Is that what you're 23 asking? 24 MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor. And we'd ask 25 that it be attacked to the judgment.

53 Proceedings 1 THE COURT: And it shall be attached to the 2 judgment. Thank you. 3 In addition, your Honor, we'd ask MR. MINDLIN: 4 that you advise the defendant of his right to appeal. 5 THE COURT: Yes. Yes. So that, I have a 6 little bit of housekeeping here which are first, are 7 there any remaining counts that should be dismissed? 8 MR. MINDLIN: Yes, your Honor. The government moves for a dismissal of the following counts. As to Mr. 9 10 Ovsyannikov only in the underlying indictment in this 11 case, the first indictment, count 2, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12 and 13. 13 THE COURT: That motion is granted. Mr. 14 Ovsyannikov, you have a right to appeal. You can appeal 15 your conviction if you believe that your guilty plea was 16 somehow unlawful or involuntary, or if there is some 17 other fundamental defect in these proceedings that was 18 not waived either by your guilty plea or the plea 19 agreement. In some circumstances, a defendant also has 20 the right to appeal his or her sentence, not just the 21 conviction. Any such notice of appeal must be filed 22 within 14 days after the filing of the entry of a 23 judgment in this case or within 14 days of the filing of 24 a notice of appeal by the government. And if requested,

the clerk of the court will prepare and file a notice of

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appeal on your behalf. If you can't afford to pay the cost of an appeal or for appellate counsel, you will have the right to apply for leave to appeal in forma pauperis, which is Latin for I don't know exactly what, but it means that the court system would pay the filing fee for you and would supply you with appellate counsel if you can't afford it on appeal.

Other housekeeping matters, the motion -- tell me exactly what you're moving to seal.

MR. MINDLIN: Your Honor, we move to seal the minutes of this proceeding.

THE COURT: In their entirety?

MR. MINDLIN: If your Honor preferred, the government could submit a, jointly with the defense, a proposed redacted selection of what to seal,

THE COURT: Yes. I mean just given that there are other co-defendants who may be sentenced in this case, there are reasons we can actually think of why somebody might want legitimate access to the record of today's proceedings. I would ask you to submit a proposed redaction even if we're going to see large swaths redacted rather than sealing the entire

55 Proceedings 1 proceeding. 2 MR. MINDLIN: We'd ask only, your Honor, that 3 the transcript not be filed on the docket until we've had 4 a chance to make that proposal to the Court. 5 THE COURT: Indeed. Yes. We will abstain from 6 filing anything publically until then. I do respectively 7 direct the court reporter to produce a transcript of 8 today's proceeding but for transmission to the court's deputy, not for filing yet on the docket. 9 10 Anything else from the government's 11 perspective? 12 MR. MINDLIN: No, Judge. 13 THE COURT: Anything else from the defense 14 perspective? MR. GRASSO: No. Thank you, your Honor. I'll 15 just join in the government's final two motions and I 16 17 thank you for granting them as well. 18 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Ovsyannikov, let me just 19 say by way of summing up here this was a serious crime, 20 needless to say, that you were engaged in. I do trust 21 that you will use your obviously prodigious talents for 22 good rather than otherwise as you go back to your family, 23 your community, and return to society. I wish you the 24 best of luck in your coming endeavors and hope, as you've indicated, that we not, you know, see you again in 25

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    circumstances like this.
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              THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, your Honor. Thank
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   you for trust.
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you, everyone.
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    We'll be adjourned.
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              MR. GRASSO: Thank you, your Honor. Thank you,
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    everybody.
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                          (Matter concluded)
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## CERTIFICATE

I, MARY GRECO, hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the said proceedings is a true and accurate transcript from the electronic sound-recording of the proceedings reduced to typewriting in the above-entitled matter.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee or attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor a relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or financially interested directly or indirectly in this action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand this **22nd** day of **December**, 2021.

Transcriptions Plus II, Inc.

Mary Greco